

Note the effect on e.g.

*dūcō dūxī* 'I led'  
*dīcō dīxī* 'I said'  
*uincō uīnxī* 'I bound'  
*scribō scripsī* 'I wrote'

- (b) doubling up ('reduplicating') the initial consonant and adding a vowel, like:

*dō* 'I gave'  
*tanquō tetigī* 'I touched'  
*poscō poposī* 'I demanded'

- (c) lengthening the vowel in the stem, like:

*inueniō inuenī* 'I found'  
*fugiō fugī* 'I fled'  
*legō legī* 'I read'

- (d) changing the vowel in the stem:

*faciō fecī* 'I made', 'I did'  
*agō ēgī* 'I did', 'I drove'  
*capīō cepī* 'I took'

- (e) no change in the stem at all:

*dēfendō dēfendī* 'I defended'  
 compounds of *-cendō -cendī*  
 verbs in *-iō -iī* e.g. *soluō solūī* 'I released'

- (f) stems ending in *lmi* ('liquids', 'nasals') add *-ui*, e.g.:

*uolō uolūī* 'I wished'  
*aperiō apertī* 'I opened'

## 66 Irregular verbs

Irregular verbs learned to date are:

- 1 *adiuinō adiuuāre adiuuī* 'I help'  
*dō dare dedi* 'I give'  
*stō stare steti* 'I stand'
- 2 *caueō cauēre caui* 'I am wary', 'I look out'  
*dēlēō dēlēre dēlēni* 'I destroy'

*irridēō irridēre irrisī* 'I laugh at'  
*iubeō iubēre iussī* 'I order'  
*manēō manēre mānsī* 'I remain'  
*possidēō possidēre possēdī* 'I possess'  
*respondēō respondēre respondi* 'I reply'  
*uideō uidēre uidi* 'I see'

## 3 adscribō see scribō

*agō agere ēgī* 'I do', 'I act'  
*amittō sec mittō*  
*cognōscō cognōscere cognōuī* 'I get to know'  
*coquō coquere coxi* 'I cook'  
*crēdō crēdere crēdidī* 'I believe', 'I trust'  
*dēfendō dēfendere dēfendī* 'I defend'  
*dīcō dīcere dīxī* 'I say'  
*diligō diligere dilēxī* 'I love'  
*dūcō dūcere dūxī* 'I lead'  
*gerō gerere gessi* 'I do', 'I act' ('I wage')  
*legō legere legī* 'I read'  
*mittō mittere misī* 'I send'; (*ā-*) 'I lose'  
*opprimō opprimere oppressī* 'I surprise', 'I catch'; 'I crush'  
*ostendō ostendere ostendī* 'I show'  
*pergō pergere perēxī* 'I carry on'  
*poscō poscere poposī* 'I demand'  
*prō-mittō -mittere -misī* 'I promise'  
*reddō reddere reddidī* 'I give back'  
*scribō scribere scripsī* 'I write' (to)  
*soluō soluere solūī* 'I release'  
*tangō tangere tetigī* 'I touch'  
*uincō uincere uicī* 'I conquer'

## 4 inueniō inuenīre inuenī 'I find'

*uincō uincīre uīnxī* 'I bind'

## 3/4

*capīō capere cepī* 'I capture'  
*dēcipiō dēcipere dācepī* 'I deceive'  
*faciō facere fecī* 'I do', 'I make'  
*fugiō fugere fugī* 'I flee'  
*īnspicō īnspicere īnspexi* 'I inspect', 'I look into'  
*perficiō perficere perfēcī* 'I complete'

## Irregulars

- (ad)ferō ferre tulī 'I bear, carry'  
 adsum 'I am present' see sum  
 auferō auferre abstulī 'I take away', 'I remove'  
 eo ire itī or i-ī 'I go' (not really irregular, as the stem is -i)  
 malō malle malūī 'I prefer'  
 nōlo nolle nōlūī 'I do not want'  
 sum esse suī 'I am'  
 uolo uelle uolūī 'I wish'

## Exercises

- 1 Form and then conjugate the perfect of these verbs: clāmō, uideō, uincō, uincio, abeō, sum, dō, capio, ferō, facio, (optional: pugno, dēleo, gerō, dormiō, redeō, adsum, fugiō, adferō, decipio).
- 2 Translate each of these perfects. Change s. to pl. and vice versa: dēleuisti, gesserunt, uicisti, adfuisisti, soluī, pugnauius, abistis, (optional: amāuī, habuerunt, dēfendisti, necauerunt, audiū, cēpisti).
- 3 What verbs are these perfects from? Translate them: dedisti, credidisti, attulerunt, fuit, debuisisti, mānā, oppressimus, scripserunt, adiunxisti, teigiti, amīsisti, diximus, exiit, (optional: uidit, misī, habitauimus, timuisti, possedistis, rogauerunt, steti, monuit, inuenērunt, iniūsti, abstulimus, reddidī, potuit, uolui, māluērunt, cauisisti, perfecimus, ēgit, dilexī, inspexerunt).
- 4 Give the Latin for: I have given; we fought; you (s.) destroyed; he has loved; they were present; you (pl.) conquered; I went out; they have killed; he replied; you (s.) have acted; we completed; you (pl.) carried.
- 5 Give present, future and perfect 3rd s. and pl. of these verbs: dormiō, pugno, dēleo, gerō, sum, auferō, redeō, decipio.
- 6 Locate the perfects in this list and translate them (say what tense the others are): stābit, dederunt, crēdet, aderis, uicisti, pugnauiunt, soluunt, dēlent, gerent, mansi, inuenistis, perficiēs, diligis, habēs, monuistis.

## 67 Ablatives: phrases of time

We have met two uses of the ablative to date: with prepositions (esp. of place, e.g. 'in', 'at', 'from'), and descriptive ('a man of great arrogance') (cf. 10, 23, 49).

The ablative case is also used to show the time at which or within which something took place (cf. locational use), e.g. illa tempore 'at that time'; primā hōrā 'at the first hour'; decem annis '(with)in ten years'.

## Exercise

## 1 Translate these sentences:

- (a) Mnēsiochus tacitus uerba Chrysali audiuit.
- (b) cum milite pugnaui, iam cum sene pugnauō, nunc autem tacitus sum.
- (c) magno post tempore Graeci urbem Troiam cepērunt.
- (d) hoc tempore noctis omnes dormire debent.
- (e) fures in acdis nocte clam inuunt taciti.
- (f) ut Graeci equum illō tempore contra<sup>1</sup> Troiam miserunt, ita hodie tabellās mittet contra<sup>1</sup> dominum Chrysalus.

<sup>1</sup> contra (+ acc.) against

## 2 Translate these sentences:

- (a) defensor culpae dicit mihi 'fecimus et nos haec inuenēs.' (Juvenal)
- (b) dicit mihi, quid feci, nisi non sapienter amauit? (Ovid)
- (c) fuimus Troes: fuit Ilium. (Virgil)
- (d) lūisisti satis, edisisti satis atque bibisisti; tempus abire tibi est. (Horace)
- (e) nātura sēmina nobis scientiae dedit; scientiam nōn dedit. (Seneca)

defensor defensor-is 3m. defender	Tros Tro-is 3m. Trojan Ili-um ī 2n. Troy	bibō 3 bibi 1 drink
culp-a ae 1f. fault	habeō 3 hāsi 1 play, have	nātūra-a ae 1f. nature
nisi except that	fun	sēmita sēmit-is 3n. sced
sapienter wisely	ēdis ēsse ēdī 1 eat	scienti-a ae 1f. knowledge

## Reading exercise

Recognising the function of an ablative phrase is not always easy. So far you have met three types: (a) descriptive, e.g. uir summō ingenio 'a very intelligent man', (b) prepositional, e.g. cum illā muliere 'with that woman', (c) time when or within which, e.g. hoc tempore 'at this time', unā hōrā '(with)in one hour'. Translate the following phrases and say to which category they belong: uir